

## 7 nights 8 Days Sunderbans Down & Ganges Heritage up 2012-2013.

**Kolkata Departure:** 8 a.m. Millennium Park Jetty, Kolkata; Transfer by Road Embarkation : 11 a.m. Sunderbans

**Kolkata Arrival:** 1 Pm Train Station ; Transfer by day train Disembarkation : 7 am Murshidabad Jetty

**Sailing Dates :** Apr - 8<sup>th</sup> & 22<sup>nd</sup>, May 6<sup>th</sup> & 20<sup>th</sup>, Sept 9<sup>th</sup>, Nov 18<sup>th</sup>, Dec 2<sup>nd</sup> 16<sup>th</sup> & 30<sup>th</sup> Jan 27<sup>th</sup> Feb 10<sup>th</sup> & 24<sup>th</sup> Mar 10<sup>th</sup> & 24<sup>th</sup>

### Day 1

7:30 a.m. - Reporting at Millennium Park, Kolkata for surface transfer to the Mangrove Land - the **SUNDERBANS**. Passing the country side arrive at Sunderbans. En route welcome drinks, mineral water will be served. Light snacks will be available on request

Transfer to small boat to reach Cruiser - M.V. Paramhansa and Check in. *Safety and tour briefing.*

**Extensive Creek ride through the dense Mangrove forest and Visit to watch tower at Dobanke Canopy walk, Deer Rehabilitation Center**

### Day 2

Wildlife Watch Tower at **Sudhayanakhali. Sudhanyakhali** is a place famous for its watchtower and wildlife sighting

Visit to a typical Sunderban village for an interaction with the villagers, to experience their life style.

Visit to **Nethidopani watch tower or Boni camp watch tower**. Netidhopani has the ruins of a 400-year-old temple and legends lend mystery to the atmosphere.

### Day 3

Walk through the **Lothian Island**, a thick mangrove forest. Lothian Island, a mangrove forest walk with extensive range of mangroves species and birding opportunity.

Visit to **Bhagavatpur crocodile farm**. Bhagavatpur is a hatchery-cum-sanctuary of the biggest **Estuarine Crocodile** in the world.

**Namkhana, the Gateway to Sunderbans**. Fish Market at the Fishermen's Cove and interaction with the fishermen. Vessel sails to Kolkata passing through Diamond Harbour, Raichak etc

### Day 4

**Arrival at Kolkata by Morning.**

**End of Tour for 3 Nights 4 Days. Guests may continue or join for Colonial Past or Ganges Heritage up** Afternoon sail past the Howrah Bridge, Belur Math to reach Serampore.

Visit either Serampore or Barrackpore both have colonial heritage significance Serampore was a Danish colony till 1805. The Church, Museum, cemetery and the college have been preserved as a part of heritage Barrackpore was the country residence of the Viceroy in Office.

Sail upto **Chandannagar – the French establishment** The city of Chandannagar was a French colony from 1673 to 1952. Even though the city was under the possession of the English in 1757 and in 1794, it was restored to the French. 18th century mansion of the French administrator now houses the Institute de Chandannagar with a library, a French language school, and a museum of documents, antiques, and art and sculpture.

### Day 5

Morning visit **Bandel – the Portuguese Colony** The Church and the Monastery were built around 1660 by the Portuguese. Bandel Church is one of the oldest Christian churches in West Bengal. It is dedicated to Nossa Senhora di Rozario. The keystone of an older church with the year 1599 on it adorns the riverside gate of the monastery attached to it.

Sail upto **Kalna:** Visit the terracotta temples and Rajbari at Kalna **Cross the river and after a short ride visit Weavers colony at Phulia / Shantipur** famous for fine Bengal cotton known as TANT. Shop at the Cooperative stores for fine cotton Stoles, Sarees Dhotis.

Sail up to **Mayapur**.

### Day 6

Visit **Mayapur, the headquarters of ISKCON**. Cruise to Katwa passing through the country side. Visit the Kansari artisans at Matiari. Kansari aritsans make brass and bell metal utensils. Cruise further to Murshidabad passing through quite country side.

### Day 7

**Whole day tour of Murshidabad.**

**Murshidabad** is one of the oldest cities of West Bengal and has a rich heritage. The **Nawab Murshid Ali Khan** made Murshidabad the capital city of **Sube Bangla**, comprising of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa. It was the last capital of independent Nawabs of Bengal and the first capital of Bengal under the British.

**Nizamat Kila (the Fortress of the Nawabs)**, also known as the Hazaarduari Palace (Palace of a Thousand Doors), built by **Duncan McLeod** of the Bengal Engineers in 1837, in the Italianate style.

**Moti Jhil (Pearl Lake)**, beautiful horseshoe shaped lake, just to the south of the palace.

**Muradbagh Palace** and the **Khushbagh Cemetery**, where the remains of **Ali Vardi Khan** and **Siraj Ud Daulah** are interred.

**Katgola Gardens:** Katgola, the palace garden of Raja Dhanpat Singh Dugar and Lakshmipat Singh Dugar and their famous Adinath Temple were built in 1873, by Harreck Chand. A typically Jain style of ornamentation lends a unique beauty to this Jain temple.

### Day 8

Check out after early Breakfast and transfer to Kolkata by trains. Arrival at Kolkata 1 Pm.

**Note : The time of Checkin, disembarkation and the excursions may vary depending upon the tidal and other environmental conditions.**

## **7 nights 8 Days Ganges Heritage Down & Sunderbans up 2012-2013.**

**Kolkata Departure:** 1 p.m. Millennium Park Jetty, Kolkata; Transfer by Train to Khagraghat station, Embarkation : 8 PM

**Kolkata Arrival :** 1 pm ; Transfer by Road. Disembarkation: 9am Godhkhali Jetty

**Sailing Dates :** Apr - 15<sup>th</sup> & 29<sup>th</sup>, May 13<sup>th</sup> & 27<sup>th</sup>, Nov 11<sup>th</sup> & 25, Dec 9<sup>th</sup> & 23<sup>rd</sup>, Jan 20<sup>th</sup> Feb 3<sup>rd</sup> & 17<sup>th</sup> Mar 3<sup>rd</sup> & 17<sup>th</sup>

### **Day 1**

1 p.m : Reporting at Millenium Park, transfer by train to Khagraghat station & embarkation at Murshidabad.

### **Day 2**

**Whole day tour of Murshidabad.**

**Murshidabad** is one of the oldest cities of West Bengal and has a rich heritage. The **Nawab Murshid Ali Khan** made Murshidabad the capital city of **Sube Bangla**, comprising of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa. It was the last capital of independent Nawabs of Bengal and the first capital of Bengal under the British.

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**Muradbagh Palace** and the **Khushbagh Cemetery**, where the remains of **Ali Vardi Khan** and **Siraj Ud Daulah** are interred.

**Katgola Gardens:** **Katgola**, the palace garden of **Raja Dhanpat Singh Dugar** and **Lakshmipat Singh Dugar** and their famous **Adinath Temple** were built in 1873, by **Harreck Chand**. A typically Jain style of ornamentation lends a unique beauty to this Jain temple.

### **Day 3**

Cruise to Katwa passing through the country side. Visit the Kansari artisans at Matiari. Kansari aritsans make brass and bell metal utensils. Cruise further to Mayapur. **Visit Mayapur, the headquarters of ISKCON.** Sail upto **Kalna**

### **Day 4**

Visit the terracotta temples and Rajbari at **Kalna** **Cross the river and after a short ride visit Weavers colony at Phulia / Shantipur** famous for fine Bengal cotton known as TANT. Shop at the Cooperative stores for fine cotton Stoles, Sarees Dhotis.

Sail upto **Chandannagar - the French establishment** The city of Chandannagar was a French colony from 1673 to 1952. Even though the city was under the possession of the English in 1757 and in 1794, it was restored to the French. 18th century mansion of the French administrator now houses the Institute de Chandannagar with a library, a French language school, and a museum of documents, antiques, and art and sculpture.

### **Day 5**

Morning, visit **Bandel - the Portuguese Colony** The Church and the Monastery were built around 1660 by the Portuguese. **Bandel Church** is one of the oldest Christian churches in West Bengal. It is dedicated to Nossa Senhora di Rozario. The keystone of an older church with the year 1599 on it adorns the riverside gate of the monastery attached to it.

Visit either Serampore or Barrackpore both have colonial heritage significance Serampore was a Danish colony till 1805. The Church, Museum, cemetery and the college have been preserved as a part of heritage Barrackpore was the country residence of the Viceroy in Office.

**Arrival at Kolkata in Afternoon.**

**End of Tour for 4 Nights 5 Days. Guests may continue or join for Sundarban up**

After noon to sail towards Namkhana, Gateway of Sundarban.

### **Day 6**

Visit Fish Market at the Fishermens' Cove and interaction with the fishermen.

**Visit to Bhagavatpur crocodile farm.** **Bhagavatpur** is a hatchery-cum-sanctuary of the biggest Estuarine Crocodile in the world.

Walk through the **Lothian Island**, a thick mangrove forest. **Lothian Island**, a mangrove forest walk with extensive range of mangroves species and birding opportunity.

### **Day 7**

**Visit to Nethidopani watch tower or Boni camp watch tower.** **Netidhopani** has the ruins of a 400-year-old temple and legends lend mystery to the atmosphere.

Wildlife Watch Tower at **Sudhayanakhali.** **Sudhanyakhali** is a place famous for its watchtower and wildlife sighting

Visit to a typical Sunderban village for an interaction with the village, to experience their life style.

### **Day 8**

Check out and transfer to small vessel from Sundarban and onward transfer to Kolkata by Surface. Reach Kolkata by 1 pm.

**Note : The time of Check in , disembarkation and the excursions may vary depending upon the tidal and other environmental conditions.**

## 4 nights 5 Days Ganges Heritage up 2012-2013.

**Kolkata Departure: Embarkation** : 10 a.m.

**Kolkata Arrival** : 1 Pm **Train Station ; Transfer by day train. Disembarkation** :7 am **Murshidabad Jetty**

**Sailing Dates** : Apr - 11<sup>th</sup> & 25<sup>th</sup>, May 9<sup>th</sup> & 23<sup>rd</sup>, Sept 12<sup>th</sup>, Nov 7<sup>th</sup> 21<sup>st</sup> Dec 5<sup>th</sup> 19<sup>th</sup> Jan, 2<sup>nd</sup> 16<sup>th</sup> 30<sup>th</sup>, Feb, 13<sup>th</sup> & 27<sup>th</sup> Mar 13<sup>th</sup>

### Day 1

Reporting at Millenium Park Kolkata. **Embarkation** : 10 a.m After noon sail past the Howrah Bridge, Belur Math to reach Serampore.

Visit either Serampore or Barrackpore both have colonial heritage significance Serampore was a Danish colony till 1805. The Church, Museum, cemetery and the college have been preserved as a part of heritage Barrackpore was the country residence of the Viceroy in Office.

Sail upto **Chandannagar – the French establishment** The city of Chandannagar was a French colony from 1673 to 1952. Even though the city was under the possession of the English in 1757 and in 1794, it was restored to the French. 18th century mansion of the French administrator now houses the Institute de Chandannagar with a library, a French language school, and a museum of documents, antiques, and art and sculpture.

### Day 2

Morning visit **Bandel – the Portuguese Colony** The Church and the Monastery were built around 1660 by the Portuguese. Bandel Church is one of the oldest Christian churches in West Bengal. It is dedicated to Nossa Senhora di Rozario. The keystone of an older church with the year 1599 on it adorns the riverside gate of the monastery attached to it.

Sail upto **Kalna**: Visit the terracotta temples and Rajbari at Kalna **Cross the river and after a short ride visit Weavers colony at Phulia / Shantipur** famous for fine Bengal cotton known as TANT. Shop at the Cooperative stores for fine cotton Stoles, Sarees Dhotis.

Sail up to **Mayapur**.

### Day 3

Visit **Mayapur, the headquarters of ISKCON**. Cruise to Katwa passing through the country side. Visit the Kansari artisans at Matiari. Kansari aritsans make brass and bell metal utensils. Cruise further to Murshidabad passing through quite country side.

### Day 4

**Whole day tour of Murshidabad.**

**Murshidabad** is one of the oldest cities of West Bengal and has a rich heritage. The **Nawab Murshid Ali Khan** made Murshidabad the capital city of **Sube Bangla**, comprising of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa. It was the last capital of independent Nawabs of Bengal and the first capital of Bengal under the British.

**Nizamat Kila (the Fortress of the Nawabs)**, also known as the Hazaarduari Palace (Palace of a Thousand Doors), built by **Duncan McLeod** of the Bengal Engineers in 1837, in the Italianate style.

**Moti Jhil (Pearl Lake)**, beautiful horseshoe shaped lake, just to the south of the palace.

**Muradbagh Palace** and the **Khushbagh Cemetery**, where the remains of **Ali Vardi Khan** and **Siraj Ud Daulah** are interred.

**Katgola Gardens**: Katgola, the palace garden of Raja Dhanpat Singh Dugar and Lakshmipat Singh Dugar and their famous Adinath Temple were built in 1873, by Harreck Chand. A typically Jain style of ornamentation lends a unique beauty to this Jain temple.

### Day 5

Check out after early Breakfast and transfer to Kolkata by trains. Arrival at Kolkata 1 Pm.

**Note : The time of Check in , disembarkation and the excursions may vary depending upon the tidal and other environmental conditions.**

## 4 nights 5 Days Ganges Heritage Down 2012-2013.

**Murshidabad Departure**: After early Breakfast and transfer to Kolkata by trains from Kaghraghat Station.

**Kolkata Arrival** :1 pm

**Sailing Dates** : Apr - 15<sup>th</sup> & 29<sup>th</sup>, May 13<sup>th</sup> & 27<sup>th</sup>, Sept 16<sup>th</sup> Nov 11<sup>th</sup>& 25, Dec 9<sup>th</sup> & 23<sup>rd</sup>. Jan 6<sup>th</sup> 20<sup>th</sup> Feb 3<sup>rd</sup> & 17<sup>th</sup> Mar 3<sup>rd</sup> & 17<sup>th</sup>

**The itinerary will follow in the reverse order**

**Note : The time of Check in , disembarkation and the excursions may vary depending upon the tidal and other environmental conditions.**

## Kolkata to Varanasi 14 Nights / 15 Days

Sailing Dates : 22<sup>nd</sup> September 2012 to 6<sup>th</sup> October 2012

Embarkation: 12 Noon at Millennium Park, Kolkata

Disembarkation: 12 Noon. at Varanasi.

### Day 1

Check-in at the embarkation point - Millennium Park, this is situated in the centre of Kolkata 30 minutes from airport.

Kolkata City Tour

### Day 2

The cruiser sails off. Safety and tour briefing. The Vessel will sail past the Howrah Bridge to reach Belur Math, Visit Belur Math - - *Famous RamaKrishna Temple founded by Great Sage of India - Swami Vivekananda.*

Visit Serampore / Barrackpore both have colonial heritage significance. Serampore was a Danish colony till 1805. The Church, Museum, cemetery and the college have been preserved as a part of heritage. Barrackpore was the country residence of the Viceroy in Office.

Visit Chandannagore - A colony of the French till 1950. Chandannagar Strand: Walk along this superbly decorated pavement studded with lights surrounded by lush green trees for tour of the other French architecture. Sacred Heart Church: The beautiful church stands over for two centuries to mark the beauty of the architecture during the French period. Museum / Institute of Robert Dupliex: Residence of Governor General of the French East India Company now turned into a Museum / Institute of Robert Dupliex. One of the oldest and finest museums of the entire region. It boasts a beautiful collection of French items (e.g cannons used in Anglo - French war, wooden furniture of the 18th century, etc.).

### Day 3

Kalna is more popularly known as Ambika Kalna, named after a very popular Deity of Goddess Kali, Maa Ambika. Terrakota Temples: Nava Kailash or 108 Shiv Mandirs, built in 1809 of terrakota is a beautiful architecture. Others are Kalna Pratapeshwar Temple & Lalji Temple, RajBari, the palace. Weavers Colony of fine Bengal cotton known as TANT at Shantipur.

Mayapur, the headquarters of ISKCON. Opposite is the quiet village of Nabadwip. The evening prayers and dance in praise of the lord will be highlight of the visit.

### Day 4

Visit to Katwa . Visit the Kansari artisans at Matiari. Kansari aritsans make brass and bell metal utensils. Cruise further to Murshidabad passing through quite country side.

### Day 5

**Whole day tour of Murshidabad.**

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### Day 6

Farrakka: Sail through Farakka barrage. The Farakka Barrage is the longest barrage in the world and has recently been entered into the Guinness Book of World Records. It has 101 gates and it is from here the water is shared between India and Bangladesh.

Visit Malda (Gaur) is the first capital of the Buddhist Pala dynasty, then it became the seat of the Hindu Sena dynasty, and finally the capital of the Muslim Nawabs.

### Day 7

Visit Rajmahal and walk through village of Rajmahal then the vessel sails up to Manihari

### Day 8

Visit Vikramshila is the Buddhist learning centre. It is built by Bengal King Dharmapala in 8th Century. The Monastery gradually gained importance and became a centre for Tantric Buddhism.

Visit Silk weaver's place at Bhagalpur.

### Day 9

Munger Fort, and 18th century British cemetery: Munger Fort is built on a rocky hillock on the south bank of the Ganga River. The fort houses a number of religious and historic monuments such as the Tomb of Pir Shah Nufa (died 1497), Palace of Shah Suja, Tomb of Mulla Muhammad Said (died 1704 AD), the Kashtaharini Ghat on the Ganges River, Chandisthana (an ancient temple) and an 18th century British cemetery

Sita-Kund spring, the hot spring which is so called after the well known episode of the Ramayana. According to the local legend, Sita, the consort of Lord Rama, underwent her ordeal of standing on fire at this place; and after she took bath in the spring, its cold water became very hot. The temperature of this varies in a remarkable manner and goes to the highest of 138o F and even above.

### Day 10

The guest will be transferred by road to visit Nalanda, Budhgaya and stay overnight at Budhgaya while the cruiser reaches Patna.

Nalanda, the world famous ancient learning centre in the ancient days. Great scholars of China and other lands came here to study Buddhism and practice ways of faith. Archaeological Museum housing the Nalanda University seal, sculptures and other remains found on the site.

Great Stupa - The brick-built remains are extensive and include the Great Stupa, with steps, terraces and a few intact votive stupas around it, and the monk's cells. Whole day tour of the most important Buddhist pilgrimage sites.

Rajgir means 'the royal palace', it is here Lord Buddha had delivered many of His sermons over 12 years of stay.

Shanti Stupa has been constructed on top of a hill by Japanese Buddhists. Vultures's Peak, the favourite abode of Lord Buddha where he used to give his sermons. Its rocks are shaped like vultures hence its name.

Cyclopean Walls, ruins of the ancient walls which provided protection to the ancient city of Rajgir

Laxmi-Narayan Temple, main site include parts of the ruined city, caves and places associated with Ajatsatru and his father Bimbisara, whom he imprisoned and murdered. The pink building by the crowded hot springs is the Laxmi Narayan Temple.

Bodh Gaya and Gaya: 12 kilometres from Gaya, Bodh Gaya is a place of international renown and is one of the four holy spots for Buddhists. It was here that prince Siddhartha found enlightenment under the Bodhi Tree and became the Buddha.

Mahabodhi Temple having 25 mtr. Great Buddha Statue in the Japanese Kamakura style, a portion of which is believed to be more than 200 years old. Monasteries and Temples built lately by several Buddhist countries in their architectural style.

Museum containing rare Buddhist relics.

Gaya is a centre of Hindu Pilgrims. Vishnu is said to have given Gaya the power to absolve sinners. Pilgrims offer Pindas (funeral cakes) at the ghat along the river here entitles the soul of the departed to a place in heaven and free their ancestors from bondage to earth.

#### **Day 11**

Half day city tour at Patna on arrival from Budhgaya Embarkation

Visit Sher Sahi, the heavy domed built by Afghan ruler Sher Shah in 1545, is the oldest mosque in Patna.

Golghar, a huge building shaped like a beehive, constructed in 1786 as a granary to store surpluses against possible famines

Kumrahar Excavations, the remains of Patliputra, the ancient capital of Ajatasatru (491 -459 BC ), Chandragupta (311-297 BC ) and Ashoka ( 274-237 BC have been uncovered.

#### **Day 12**

The Vessel will sail past Balia towards Buxar, no excursion.

#### **Day 13**

The vessel will sail past Gazipur & reach Saidpur, no excursion.

#### **Day 14**

The vessel will reach Varanasi around noon.

Visit Sarnath, where Buddha chose to deliver his first sermon on Nirvana. Sarnath, a number of countries in which Buddhism is a major (or the dominant) religion, among them Thailand, Japan, Tibet, Sri Lanka and Myanmar, have established temples and monasteries in Sarnath in the style that is typical for the respective country.

Ashokan Pillar where sculpture of the Mauryan Period carved. The base of the Ashoka pillar in Sarnath which was broken during Turk Islamic invasions, it was originally surmounted by the "Lion Capital of Ashoka" which is presently at display at the Sarnath Museum. This particular Lion Capital of Ashoka, originally atop this pillar in Sarnath has been adopted as the "National Emblem of India".

Benaras Hindu University founded in 1916, one of the oldest university, is a Central university which is also the largest residential university in Asia. Museum having interesting collection of Buddhist artifacts.

Das Ashwamedha Ghat on river Ganges for the soulful Aarti (worshipping the God).Boat ride across river Ganges for amazing glimpses of the religious practices and rituals performed by thousands of devotees on the banks of river Ganges.

#### **Day 15**

Varanasi: Commonly known as Benaras and Kashi is probably the oldest city of India and regarded as holy by Hindus, Buddhists and Jains. People often refer to Varanasi as "the city of Temples", "the holy city of India", "the religious capital of India", "the city of lights", and "the city of learning". Whatever be the name, it draws millions to the Banks of River Ganges here and shows the essence of how "Incredible India" is. Temples: Durga Temple, Bharat Mata Temple, Tulsi Manas Temple

Check out at 12 noon.

### **Varanasi to Kolkata 14Nights / 15 Days**

Sailing Dates : 6<sup>th</sup> October 2012 to 20<sup>th</sup> October 2012

Embarkation: 6 pm. from Varanasi

Disembarkation: 3 pm. at Vivada Jetty in Millennium Park, Kolkata

**The Itinerary will follow in the reverse order.**

**Note : The time of Check in , disembarkation and the excursions may vary depending upon the tidal and other environmental conditions.**

## 3 nights 4 Days Sunderbans Down 2012-2013.

**Kolkata Departure:** 8 a.m. Millennium Park Jetty, Kolkata; Transfer by Road **Embarkation** : 11 a.m. Sunderbans  
**Kolkata Arrival: Forenoon.**

**Sailing Dates :** Apr - 8<sup>th</sup> & 22<sup>nd</sup>, May 6<sup>th</sup> & 20<sup>th</sup>, Sept 9<sup>th</sup>, Nov 18<sup>th</sup>, Dec 2<sup>nd</sup> 16<sup>th</sup> & 30<sup>th</sup> Jan 27<sup>th</sup> Feb 10<sup>th</sup> & 24<sup>th</sup> Mar 10<sup>th</sup> & 24<sup>th</sup>

### Day 1

**7:30 a.m.** - Reporting at Millennium Park, Kolkata for surface transfer to the Mangrove Land - the **SUNDERBANS**. Passing the country side arrive at Sunderbans. En route welcome drinks, mineral water will be served. Light snacks will be available on request

Transfer to small boat to reach Cruiser - M.V. Paramhansa and Check in. *Safety and tour briefing.*

**Extensive Creek ride through the dense Mangrove forest and Visit to watch tower at Dobanke Canopy walk, Deer Rehabilitation Center**

### Day 2

Wildlife Watch Tower at **Sudhayanakhali. Sudhanyakhali** is a place famous for its watchtower and wildlife sighting

Visit to a typical Sunderban village for an interaction with the villagers, to experience their life style.

Visit to **Nethidopani watch tower or Boni camp watch tower.** Netidhopani has the ruins of a 400-year-old temple and legends lend mystery to the atmosphere.

### Day 3

Walk through the **Lothian Island**, a thick mangrove forest. Lothian Island, a mangrove forest walk with extensive range of mangroves species and birding opportunity.

Visit to **Bhagavatpur crocodile farm.** Bhagavatpur is a hatchery-cum-sanctuary of the biggest **Estuarine Crocodile** in the world.

**Namkhana, the Gateway to Sunderbans.** Fish Market at the Fishermens' Cove and interaction with the fishermen. Vessel sails to Kolkata passing through Diamond Harbour, Raichak etc

### Day 4

**Arrival at Kolkata by Morning.**

**End of Tour for 3 Nights 4 Days. Guests may continue or join for Colonial Past or Ganges Heritage up.**

## 3 nights 4 Days Sunderbans up 2012-2013.

**Kolkata Departure:** 3p.m. Millennium Park Jetty,

**Disembarkation :** after breakfast Sunderbans **Arrival Kolkata Forenoon.** ; Transfer by Road

**Sailing Dates :** Apr 5<sup>th</sup>, 19<sup>th</sup> May 3<sup>rd</sup> 17<sup>th</sup> 31<sup>st</sup> Sep 6<sup>th</sup> Oct 25<sup>th</sup> Nov 15<sup>th</sup> 29<sup>th</sup> Dec 13<sup>th</sup> 27<sup>th</sup> Jan 24<sup>th</sup> Feb 7<sup>th</sup> 21<sup>th</sup> Mar 7<sup>th</sup> 21.

### Day 1

After noon to sail towards Namkhana, Gateway of Sundarban.

### Day 2

Visit Fish Market at the Fishermens' Cove and interaction with the fishermen.

Visit to Bhagavatpur crocodile farm. Bhagavatpur is a hatchery-cum-sanctuary of the biggest Estuarine Crocodile in the world.

Walk through the Lothian Island, a thick mangrove forest. Lothian Island, a mangrove forest walk with extensive range of mangroves species and birding opportunity.

### Day 3

Visit to Nethidopani watch tower or Boni camp watch tower. Netidhopani has the ruins of a 400-year-old temple and legends lend mystery to the atmosphere.

Wildlife Watch Tower at Sudhayanakhali. Sudhanyakhali is a place famous for its watchtower and wildlife sighting

Visit to a typical Sunderban village for an interaction with the village, to experience their life style.

### Day 4

Check out and transfer to small vessel from Sundarban and onward transfer to Kolkata by Surface. Reach Kolkata by 1 pm.

**Note :** *The time of Check in , disembarkation and the excursions may vary depending upon the tidal and other environmental conditions.*